Final Exam: Probability and Statistics (code 400178)

Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam

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You are allowed to use a calculator, but not the book or your notes. You can express your numerical answers as fractions.

Each question is worth 2 points (if answered completely and correctly). The total number of points is 40 (corresponding to 20 questions, divided in 8 problems). Give clear answers to as many questions as you can.

Problem 1. You and 9 other people are at small but fancy cocktail party where they serve 100 different cocktails. Suppose that each person is drinking a cocktail and that the different cocktails are all equally likely to be chosen.

- a) What is the probability that two persons are drinking the same cocktail?
- b) What is the probability that someone else is drinking the same cocktail as you?

Problem 2. In a game of chance, your probability of winning is p. Suppose that you play three times, and consider the following events:

 $A = \{\text{you win the first game}\}, B = \{\text{you win the second game}\} \text{ and } C = \{\text{you win exactly once}\}.$

- a) For what value of p is C independent of A and B? Motivate your answer.
- b) For 0 , can the three events ever be mutually independent (i.e., <math>P(A, B, C) = P(A)P(B)P(C))? Motivate your answer.

Problem 3. A die is thrown six times and the face values that come up are recorded. Let $A = \{\text{the first value is 6}\}, B = \{\text{the second value is 6}\}$ and $C = \{6 \text{ comes up exactly once}\}.$

- a) Indicate all pairs of events that are independent? Motivate your answer.
- b) Are the three events mutually independent? Motivate your answer.

Problem 4. A fair coin is flipped n times. You can give your answers as sums.

- a) What is the probability to get exactly k heads?
- b) What is the probability to get at least k heads?
- c) Suppose that n is odd. What is the probability to get one more head than tails?

Problem 5. Let X be an exponential random variable with density function $f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$ if $x \ge 0$ and f(x) = 0 if x < 0.

- a) Write the cumulative distribution function (cdf) F(x).
- b) For what number y is P(X < y) = 1/2?

Problem 6. A box contains N identical balls. You extract k balls, mark them, and put them back inside the box. After shaking the box you extract k+1 balls randomly, k of which are marked.

- a) What is the probability of the event described?
- b) Suppose that k = 1. What is your "maximum likelihood" estimate for N? Motivate your answer.

Problem 7. Suppose that the temperatures measured in Celsius at a particular time of the year and geographic location are distributed according to a Normal distribution with $\mu = 30$ and $\sigma = 2$. An American tourist planning to visit the place translates the temperatures into Fahrenheit by multiplying by 9/5 and then adding 32.

a) According to what type of distribution are the Fahrenheit temperatures distributed?

b) What are the expected value and variance of the temperatures in Fahrenheit?

Problem 8. Eva works at a supermarket where the arrival of customers happens according to a Poisson process and the expected number of customers is one per minute ($\lambda = 1$). Suppose that at 9:00 Eva serves her first customer.

- a) What is the probability that no other customer arrives in the next minute?
- b) What is the expected value of the time T between two successive arrivals?
- c) What is the probability that more than three customers arrive between 9:30 and 9:31?

It is 10:32 and Eva's last customer arrived at 10:30.

- d) What is the probability that no customer arrives until 10:35?
- e) It is now 10:35 and no customer has arrived. What is the probability that the next customer arrives before 10:37?