Every correctly answered question yields a maximum of 1 point. The final grade is the sum of the points 1 + (thus between 1 and 10 inclusive).

- 1. What is the definition of the Hamming distance between two code words in an error-correcting code? What Hamming distance is necessary for an error-correcting code and why?
- 2. Draw a clocked D latch. Why is this circuit useful?
- 3. Convert the following infex formula to reverse Polish.  $(a b + c \times d) / (e + f)$
- 4. The IBM PC bus is synchronous. The VME bus (among others) is asynchronous. Explain the difference between a synchronous bus and an asynchronous bus.
- 5. A 300 MHz Pentium II is more than 2x as fast as a 150 MHz Pentium I. How do you explain this?
- 6. Give the optimal IJVM code for the following Java statement: i = 2 \* (j -3 + k)
- 7. The SPARC uses a 'register window' to win speed. With help from a drawing, explain this concept.
- 8. What is a handle in Windows NT? What is it used for?
- 9. What is the essential difference between a trap and an interrupt?