

Exam Neural Networks (Theory Part)

August 30, 2005

Please do not use any notes, books, slides, etc.

1. Perceptron/Adaline

- (5 points) Describe the stopping criterion of the perceptron learning algorithm.
- (10 points) For what class of problems is the perceptron learning algorithm guaranteed to stop?
- (10 points) Consider the following sets C_1 and C_{-1} consisting of examples of the two classes with class label 1 and -1 , respectively:

$$C_1 = \{(1, 1), (0.5, 1), (1.5, 1), (-1, -1)\}$$

$$C_{-1} = \{(1, -1), (0.5, -1), (1.5, -1), (-1, 1)\}$$

Plot the points in the 2-dimensional input space. Does the perceptron algorithm applied to the two sets terminates? Justify your answer.

2. Learning/Feed-Forward Neural Networks (FFNNs)

- (5 points) Explain the differences between supervised and unsupervised learning.
- (20 points) Describe architecture and learning algorithm of the FFNN with one hidden layer.

3. Radial Basis Function Networks

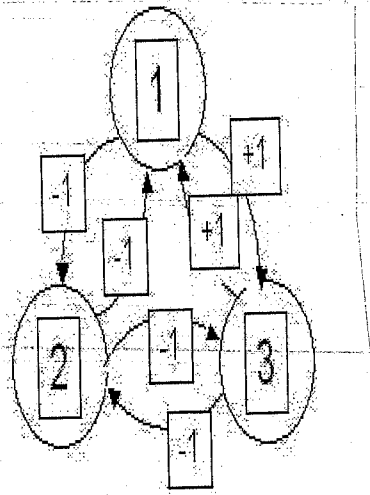
- (15 points) Describe architecture and weights of a RBF net that correctly classifies the following dataset for the XOR problem:
 $C_1 = \{(1, -1), (-1, 1)\}$, $C_{-1} = \{(1, 1), (-1, -1)\}$.

4. Self Organizing Map (SOM)/Competitive learning

- (15 points) Describe in detail SOM: for what learning tasks it is used, what is its architecture and learning algorithm.

5. Hopfield Networks

- (10 points) Consider the discrete Hopfield network given in the picture below:



- Is $(-1, 1, -1)$ a stable state?
- Into which state is the state $(-1, -1, 1)$ mapped?

6. Support Vector Machines (SVM)

- (2 points) What is the VC dimension?
- (8 points) Describe the support vector classifier with linear kernel.