Exam HCI 2009 -2010

This exam consists of 12 questions on 1 page.

The total amount of points for this exam is 90 points. You get 10 points for free. Final grade is #points/10.

- 1. Explain what *learnability* is as an aspect of usability. Name one appropriate metric (i.e. measurement criteria) to measure *learnability*? Explain why it is appropriate. [5 points]
- 2. Name and describe two heuristics from the set of Nielsen's heuristics. Give an example of two corresponding usability problems/defects. [5 points]
- 3. Name and explain two limitations to conducting heuristic evaluation/inspection? [5 points]
- 4. Name and explain two out of the 4 psychological principles for HCI design? Give a short example for each of the two principles. [5 points]
- 5. Name two of the Gestalt laws applicable as guidelines for UI design? [5 points]
- 6. What is the purpose of the Cognitive Walkthrough? What are the steps you need to follow in the protocol? [5 points]
- 7. What is the purpose of a content diagram? What are the elements of a content diagram? Draw a content diagram for the main page/screen, (e.g. home page of the social TV site or the main navigation screen of the multi-touch remote control) of the prototype you designed in the assignments.

 [10 points]
- 8. How are metaphors used to develop accurate mental models? Name two benefits and two problems with the use of metaphors. Name one metaphor that you have used in the design of the (a) the Social TV website or (b) the multi-touch remote control? [10 points]
- 9. Explain what tolerance and recoverability mean as design principles? Give example UI solutions for each of them? [10 points]
- 10. Consider the research question: "Can we improve visitor's satisfaction in an online music store with a CD and DVD recommender system?" Formulate one corresponding hypothesis for this research question. Indicate the dependent, independent and controlled variables in this hypothesis. What are appropriate metrics to measure them?

 [10 points]
- 11. Define and explain the characteristics of affordance and feedback as design principles. Give one example for each of them. How did you address these two principles in you assignment prototype? [10 points]
- 12. What is the definition and characteristics of mental models. Give examples of two different mental models for the same application. [10 points]