

**The use of a calculator, a book, or lecture notes is not permitted.  
Do not just give answers, but give calculations and explain your steps.**

1. We consider the function  $f(z) = \frac{\exp(z-2)}{(z-2)^2(z+2)}$ , and we further assume that all closed contours below are oriented counter-clockwise.
  - a) Compute  $\int_{|z+2|=1} f(z) dz$  using the Cauchy integral formula. **(3P)**
  - b) Determine  $\int_{|z-2|=1} f(z) dz$  using the generalized Cauchy integral formula. **(3P)**
  - c) Write  $f(z)$  as a product of two Laurent series about  $z_0 = +2$ . **(5P)**
  - d) Compute  $\int_{|z|=4} f(z) dz$ . **(2P)**
  - e) Determine for each singularity of the function  $g(z) = f\left(\frac{1}{z} + 2\right)$  its type. **(5P)**
2. We consider the function  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 - 2z + 5}$ , and we further assume that all closed contours below are oriented counter-clockwise.
  - a) Find the singularity of  $f$  in the upper half plane, and compute its residue. **(4P)**
  - b) Compute  $\int_{|z-i|=2} f(z) dz$ . **(3P)**
  - c) Compute the real integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x) dx$ . **(3P)**
3. Consider the domain  $D = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 1\}$ . Are the following statements about a function  $f$  true or false? Justify your answer.
  - a) If  $f$  is analytic on  $D \setminus \{0\}$ , then  $f$  has an anti-derivative on  $D \setminus \{0\}$ . **(2P)**
  - b) If  $f$  has an anti-derivative on  $D \setminus \{0\}$ , then  $f$  is analytic on  $D \setminus \{0\}$ . **(2P)**
  - c) If  $f$  agrees with its Maclaurin series on  $D \setminus \{0\}$ , then  $f$  is analytic on  $D$ . **(2P)**
  - d) If the Maclaurin series of  $f$  converges on  $D$ , then  $f$  is analytic on  $D$ . **(2P)**

Hint: The Maclaurin series of  $f$  is the Taylor series of  $f$  about  $z_0 = 0$ .

$$\text{Your grade} = \frac{\# \text{ your points}}{4} + 1$$