

VU University Amsterdam	Calculus 2, First Test
Faculty of Sciences	20-11-2017
Department of Mathematics	12.00 - 14.00 h

**The use of a calculator, a book, or lecture notes is not permitted.
Do not just give answers, but give calculations and explain your steps.**

1. Determine whether the given sequence is (a) bounded (above and/or below),
(b) increasing or decreasing, (c) convergent or divergent:

$$\left\{ \frac{n^2}{e^n} \right\}_{n=2}^{\infty}.$$

2. Calculate the sum of the (telescoping) series

$$\sum_{n=5}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 - 7n + 12}.$$

3. Determine if the following series are convergent or divergent.

$$\text{a) } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n + \sqrt{n}}{2n^2 - n + 3}, \quad \text{b) } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^{n^2}}{n!}.$$

4. Consider the power series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n (4-x)^n}{\sqrt{n}}.$$

Determine its interval of convergence.

5. a) Prove that the Maclaurin series of the function $f(x) = x^3 \cos(2x)$ is given by

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-4)^n x^{2n+3}}{(2n)!}.$$

- b) Use part a) to calculate the sum of the series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (2n+3) \pi^{2n}}{(2n)!}.$$

(Please turn over)

6. The vectors \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} and point P are given by

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = 3\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}, \quad \mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = 2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{k} \quad \text{and} \quad P = (-1, 3, 1).$$

- Calculate the dot-product $\mathbf{u} \bullet \mathbf{v}$ and the cross-product $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$.
- Calculate $\mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{v}}$, the vector projection of \mathbf{u} along \mathbf{v} .
- Give an equation of the plane passing through P and normal to the vector \mathbf{u} .
- Calculate the distance from the point $(1, 2, 3)$ to the plane from part c).

7. Consider the function $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by

$$f(x, y) = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x^2 + 1}.$$

- Sketch the level curves $f(x, y) = c$ for $c = 0, 1$ and 2 .
- Calculate the first partial derivatives with respect to x and y .
- Find an equation of the tangent plane to the graph of f in the point where $(x, y) = (1, 0)$.

Scoring:

1 : 3	2 : 3	3 : a) 3 b) 3	4 : 5	5 : a) 2 b) 3	6 : a) 2 b) 2 c) 2 d) 2	7 : a) 2 b) 2 c) 2
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
3	3	6	5	5	8	6

$$\text{Final grade} = \frac{\# \text{ points}}{4} + 1$$