

**The use of a calculator, a book, or lecture notes is not permitted.  
Do not just give answers, but give calculations and explain your steps.**

1. Consider the function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by

$$f(x) = x\sqrt{x^2 + 3}.$$

- a) Prove that  $f$  is one-to-one on  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- b) Prove that  $f$  has an inverse function  $f^{-1}$  with domain  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- c) Calculate  $(f^{-1})'(0)$ .

2. Consider the function  $f : (0, e] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by

$$f(x) = x^2 \ln(x).$$

- a) Find the absolute extreme values of  $f$  on  $(0, e]$ .
- b) Calculate the inflection point(s) of the curve  $y = f(x)$  on  $(0, e)$ .

3. Calculate

- a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^2 - \ln(x^2 e^x))$ .
- b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \sin(x))^{1/x}$ .

4. a) Find  $P_2(x)$ , the second-order Taylor polynomial of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  about  $x = 1$ .  
b) Approximate  $\frac{1}{1.02}$  with the formula derived in part a) and show that the absolute value of the error is less than  $(0.02)^3 = 0.000008$ .

**(Please turn over)**

5. The function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is defined by

$$f(x) = 3x \int_4^{x^2} e^{-\sqrt{t}} dt.$$

Calculate  $f'(2)$ .

6. Calculate

a)  $\int \sqrt{x} \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx.$

b)  $\int \frac{x}{x^2 + x - 20} dx.$

c)  $\int_5^\infty \frac{1}{x^2 + 25} dx.$

### Scoring:

1 : a) $1\frac{1}{2}$	2 : a) 3	3 : a) 2	4 : a) 2	5 : 2	6 : a) 3
b) $1\frac{1}{2}$	b) 2	b) 2	b) 2		b) 2
c) 2					c) 2
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5	5	4	4	2	7

$$\text{Final grade} = \frac{\# \text{ points}}{3} + 1$$