

Exam Applied Stochastic Modeling

10 February 2009

This exam consists of 4 problems, each consisting of several questions.

All answers should be motivated, including calculations, formulas used, etc.

It is allowed to use 1 sheet of paper (or 2 sheets written on one side) with **hand-written** notes.

The minimal note is 1. All question are equally counted.

The use of a calculator and a dictionary are allowed.

A table of the Poisson distribution is attached.

1. Consider a system with 2 machines and a repairman. Machines fail independently with rate λ . The repairman repairs machines at rate μ .
 - a. Model this system as a birth-death process.
 - b. Calculate the stationary distribution and use this to derive the long-run expected number of machines that are functioning.
 - c. Derive the long-run distribution at moments that a machine fails.
 - d. Use this to derive the distribution of the long-run average time a machine waits before it is taken into service and calculate its expectation.

2. Consider a continuous-time multi-order deterministic-demand continuous-product inventory model with $\lambda = 5$, $K = 10$, $h = 1$ and $L = 1$.

- a. Compute the optimal re-order level and re-order size.

Now demand is stochastic; it occurs according to a Poisson process with rate $\lambda = 5$. For the rest the system is the same. Items that are not available are backordered.

- b. We use the same re-order policy. Estimate the probability that backorders occur in a cycle.
 - c. It is the objective to avoid backorders in at least 9 out of 10 cycles. How should we choose the re-order policy to achieve this?

3. Consider an $M|G|1$ queue with arrival rate 0.5 and service time distribution $S = X + Y$, with X and Y independent and both exponentially distributed with rates 1 and 2, respectively.

- a. Calculate $\mathbb{E}S$, $\mathbb{E}S^2$, $\sigma^2(S)$ and $c^2(S)$.
- b. Calculate the expected waiting time and the expected sojourn time for the $M|G|1$ queue.
- c. What is the probability that an arbitrary arrival finds an empty system?

4. Consider a homogeneous Poisson process on $[0, T]$ with rate λ .

- a. What is the expected number of arrivals in this interval?
- b. Let the first arrival occur at t . Conditioned on this event, what is the expected number of arrivals in $[0, T]$?
- c. Calculate the expected number of arrivals in $[0, T]$ again, but now using the law of total probability and the answer found under b.
- d. Repeat a, b and c for an inhomogeneous Poisson process.

Table with value of $P(X > k)$ with X with a Poisson distributed random variable with mean μ

[illegible]